TidalHealth...

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Owner Kimberly Adkins:

SENIOR

DIRECTOR-

Applicability TidalHealth

Peninsula Regional

Critical Action Values (TidalHealth Peninsula Regional)

PURPOSE/PRINCIPLE:

Communication is a critical component in medicine. This policy defines TidalHealth Peninsula Regional's acceptable standards for reporting Critical Action Results. A Critical Action Result is a Test Result that represents a pathophysiologic state at such variance with normal as to be life-threatening if an action is not taken quickly and for which an effective action is possible.

TIDALHEALTH PENINSULA REGIONAL POLICY FOR REPORTING CRITICAL ACTION VALUES:

Diagnostic department personnel will notify the appropriate Health Care Provider of any Critical Action Value within the time frame established by that department using the script established by that department.

During the Critical Action Value notification to relay those results, this information is exchanged:

- · The name and department of the person making the call
- The name and date of birth of the patient who has critical values
- · A statement that this is a "Critical Action Value."
- The full name of the person taking the Critical Action Value
- · A read back of the results

Documentation of phoning the Critical Action Values will be part of the Testing Department's Report and will include:

- · The full name of the person to whom the report was given
- The time and date that the report was given.

Addendums:

· TidalHealth Peninsula Regional Nursing Department Addendum for Critical Action Values and

Criteria for when Critical Action Results Do Not have to be Called

- · Laboratory Critical Action Values Addendum
- Point of Care Critical Action Values Addendum
- · Echocardiogram, Vascular and EKG Critical Action Values Addendum
- · Radiology Critical Action Values Addendum
- · Respiratory, Pulmonary, ABG Critical Action Value Addendum

TidalHealth Peninsula Regional Nursing Department Addendum for Critical Action Values & Criteria for when Critical Action Results Do Not have to be Called When Nursing Staff is Notified of any Critical Action Value, He/She will:

- · Read back the critical action value to the caller.
- Stat page the authorizing provider's office or physician on call within 15 mins of receiving the result.
- Document in the patient's chart the notifying department, date and time of the call, and the critical action value.
- Document all attempts of notifying the appropriate authorizing provider in the patient's chart.
- Document in the patient's chart the physician's name, date and time physician received results.
 Request a read back of the value from the physician.
- If no response after 15 mins, a second attempt is made by the nurse to contact physician using Stat paging, and any published direct telephone numbers (office, home, or cell).
- If after 30 mins no response has occurred, the nurse will inform the Nursing Supervisor of the situation and request assistance.
- The Nursing Supervisor will contact a partner of the physician or a consulting physician for this patient.
- If after 60 mins there is no response, the Medical Director of the Critical Care Unit (if the patient is in critical care), or the Chief of the Division or Department is contacted.
- If unsuccessful after 90 mins, the President of the Medical Staff is notified.

Criteria for When the Nurse Does Not have to Call the Doctor with a Critical Action Value:

- · Patient is at end of life with a DNR and is to receive comfort measures only.
- Critical Action Value is a repeat value and LIP (Licensed Independent Practitioner) is aware and treatment is in progress or ordered.
- · Critical Action Value is chronic and not expected to improve.
- · Patient has protocol or order to treat the value.
- The Newborn Nursery and NICU Units will refer to Hyperbilirubinemia / Phototherapy policy and

- plot the critical action bilirubin value on the Bilirubin nomogram tool and notify physician as necessary.
- Nurse may gather all expected results prior to contacting the LIP. If additional results are delayed greater than 30 mins, the nurse will contact the LIP with the immediate Critical Action Value.
 Example: When multiple tests are ordered, for example CBC and Chem8, the nurse may wait for all results from both tests before communicating the results to the LIP (Licensed Independent Practitioner). If additional results are expected to be delayed greater than 30 mins, i.e (tube requires a redraw), the nurse will call the identified resulted Critical Action Value immediately.

Laboratory Critical Action Values Addendum

Policy Prepared by:	Date:	Departments Sharing Policy:
Policy Approved by:	Date:	Core
Lab Director:	Date:	Microbiology Pathology
Policy Adopted by:	Date:	Special Chemistry
Original Policy Written:	Date: 1996	Transfusion Services
Policy Reviewed by:	Date:	

Rationale or background to policy:

Critical Action Values need to be reported to the physician immediately to ensure prompt patient care. **Policy Statement**:

Using the Inpatient and Outpatient Critical Action laboratory Values Notification Flowcharts, Critical Action Values are phoned to the nurse/physician.

Implementation of Policy:

The flowcharts contain required notification timing and scripting for Laboratory Critical Action Values.

Addendums:

- · Inpatient Critical Action laboratory Value Notification Flowchart
- Outpatient Critical Action laboratory Value Notification Flowchart
- · Patient Critical Notification by Laboratory Supervisor/Manager Script Flowchart

ANATOMIC PATHOLOGY

The Pathologist shall verbally communicate to the submitting physician the findings that yield diagnoses that may be unexpected or otherwise significant upon review of a surgical pathology specimen or any finding that is deemed clinically necessary. The date and time of the verbal notification should be documented in

the comment section of the pathology report. Examples of unexpected findings are malignancy in an uncommon location or specimen type (e.g. hernia sac, intervertebral disc material, tonsils, etc), or in a specimen where the provided history suggests that a malignant diagnosis is not expected or possible ectopic pregnancy (i.e. absence of chorionic villi when clinically expected). In addition, a change in diagnosis from the frozen section diagnosis after review of permanent section must be communicated immediately. Mycobacterial, fungal or other significant infectious organisms identified on special strain or any other significant or unexpected findings as determined by the pathologist.

COAGULATION

Analyte	Age, Condition	Less Than	Greater Than
Fibrinogen		75 mg/dL	
PTT	Greater than 6 months old		120 seconds
	Less than 6 months old		50 seconds
PT	Less than 6 months old		30 seconds
INR	All ages		5.0

HEMATOLOGY

Analyte	Age, Condition	Less Than	Greater Than
Hemoglobin	≥16 years	6.0 g/dL	
	<16 years	6.0 g/dL	25 g/dL
White Blood Count	≥16 years	1.0 x 10E3/ uL ⁺	
	<16 years	1.0 x 10E3/uL ⁺	30 x 10E3/uL
Absolute Neutrophil Count		0.5 x 10E3/uL*	
Platelets		20 x 10E3/uL	1,000 x 10E3/uL ⁺
Platelets (Nursery)		50 x 10E3/uL	1,000 x 10E3/uL
Spinal Fluid WBC/Diff			10/cmm
Blood Smear			Presence of Blasts *^, Bacteria or Parasites

^{*} Phoned when 1st Critical. Enter Critical result not phoned. Consistent with recent previous results. ".LABOPINI" (Additional verification not performed per OPI Protocol). ".LABOSLIDE" (Slide review not indicated per OPI Protocol). If critical result changes to noncritical and then back to a critical result, the result will then be treated as a new critical result.

[^] Call the entire Diff to the physician or the appropriate nursing personnel.

SPECIAL CHEMISTRY

Analyte	Critical Action Value
FK506 (Tacrolimus) ≥16 years	>30 ng/mL
FK506 (Tacrolimus) <16 years	≥25 ng/mL
Procalcitonin (LRTI) Initial Level	>0.5 ng/mL
Reference Lab Tests	These are semi-urgent and are not treated as critical results – they are left for the next day, including weekends

⁺ Results do not need to be phoned on weekends/ nights. Enter results. Phone on the next day the office is open. Modify results. Replace the name with the full name of the person to whom you phoned the Critical Result.

Note: When a tech receives Critical Action Values by phone from a reference lab, he/she will "read back" the result to the reference lab person, and then follow the above procedure for notifying nursing personnel or ordering physician.

MICROBIOLOGY / SEROLOGY

Analyte	Condition	Critical Action Value
Blood Culture		Positive
Acinetobacter - Multi Drug Resistance - Susceptible to 2 or less classes of drugs	Inpatient	Positive
AFB Fluid Smear or Culture		Positive
CDT	Inpatient	Positive
Chlamydia	Inpatient	Positive
ESBL Positive Gram Negative Rods	Inpatient	Positive
Gonorrhea	Inpatient	Positive
Influenza Antigen	Inpatients	Positive
KPC Positive Gram Negative Rods	Inpatient	Positive
MRSA	Inpatient, Nursing Home Pts, NonAdmitted ED Pts	Positive
Peritoneal Dialysate Smear/Culture		Positive
Pleural Fluid Gram Stain/Culture		Positive
RSV Antigen	Inpatients	Positive
SARs-CoV-2	Inpatients	Positive
Spinal Fluid Smear/Culture		Positive
Stool Culture		Positive Salmonella, Shigella or Enterohemorrhagic E. Coli

TRANSFUSION SERVICES

Analyte	Condition	Critical Action Value	
ABO Testing	Transfusion Reaction Investigation	Incompatible transfusion	
Antibody Screen, Direct Coombs	Transfusion Reaction Investigation	A delayed reaction indicated	
Crossmatch, Type & Screen	Any Order	Extended delay indicated	
Autologous Blood Product	Problem Reported by Supplier	Not available(The product will not be available due to conditions beyond our control)	
Antibody Identification	Multiple or high frequent antibodies	Extended delay indicated	
Platelet Pheresis Unit	Unit has been or is being transfused	Bacterial Testing Positive	
Blood Product	Ordered for	Not available ⁺	

CHEMISTRY

Analyte	Age, Condition	Less Than	Greater Than
Acetaminophen			40.0 ug/mL
Alcohol			>=200 mg/ dL
Amikacin	Peak		35.0 ug/mL
	Trough		8.0 ug/mL
Ammonia	<16 years		>/=90 umol/ L
Bilirubin	5 days to 2 months		>/=15.0 mg/ dL
	4 days		>/=14.0 mg/ dL
	3 days		>/=13.0 mg/ dL
	2 days		>/=11.0 mg/ dL
	0-1 days		>/=7.5 mg/ dL
Calcium	Greater than 6 months old	6.0 mg/dL	12.0 mg/dL

	Less than 6 months old	7.0 mg/dL	12.0 mg/dL
Calcium, Ionized		0.80 mmol/L	1.58 mmol/l
Carbamazepine (Tegretol)			15.0 ug/mL
CO ₂	Greater than 6 months old	10 mEq /L (⁺⁺⁾	45 mEq/L (⁺⁺⁾
	Less than 6 months old	15 mEq /L (⁺⁺⁾	45 mEq /L (⁺⁺⁾
Digoxin			2.0 ng/mL
Gentamicin	Peak - Greater than 6 months old		12.0 ug/ml
	Peak - Less than 6 months old		10.0 ug/ml
	Trough - Greater than 6 months old		2.0 ug/mL
	Trough - Less than 6 months old		1.0 ug/mL
Glucose	CSF	40 mg/dL	
Glucose	Greater than 16 years	50 mg/dL	500 mg/dL
Fasting and Random	Serum, Greater than 4 weeks & <16 years	50 mg/dL	400 mg/dL
	Serum, Less than or equal to 4 weeks	40 mg/dL	400 mg/dL
Lactic Acid			>/=3.0 mmol/L
Lithium			>2.0 mEq/L
Magnesium	Not Labor and Delivery & ≥16 years	1.0 mg/dL	5.0 mg/dL
	<16 years	1.0 mg/dL	4.0 mg/dL
	Labor and Delivery & ≥16 years	1.0 mg/dL	8.0 mg/dL
Phenobarbital			60 ug/mL
Phenytoin (Dilantin)			25 ug/mL
Phosphorus		1.0 mg/dL	
Potassium	Greater than 6 months old	2.5 mEq/L (⁺⁺⁾	6.5 mEq/L (⁺⁺⁾
	Greater than 6 months old-Hemolyzed	2.5 mEq/L (⁺⁺⁾	7.0 mEq/L (⁺⁺⁾
	Less than 6 months old	3.5 mEq/L (⁺⁺⁾	7.0 mEq/L (⁺⁺⁾
Protein, CSF			100 mg/dL
Salicylate			30 mg/dL
Sodium	≥16 years	120 mEq/L (⁺⁺⁾	160 mEq/L (⁺⁺⁾
	<16 years	130 mEq/L (⁺⁺⁾	155 mEq/L (⁺⁺⁾

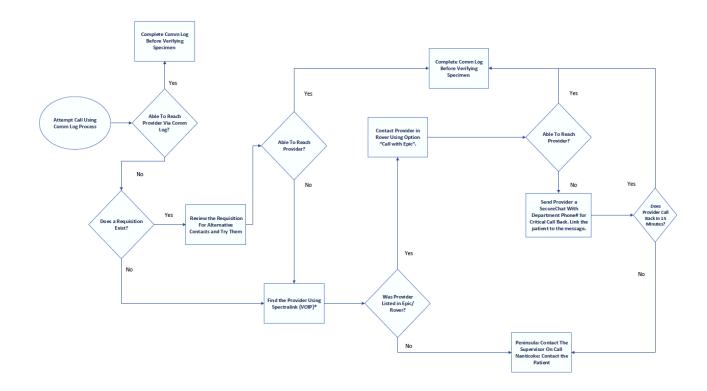
Tobramycin	Peak	12.0 ug/mL
	Trough	2.0 ug/mL
	Random	12.0 ug/ml
High Sensitivity Troponin I	First critical in a series or rise back above critical cutoff Male	100 ng/L
	Female or 'sex not specified'	75 ng/L
Uric Acid	<16 years	>/=10 mg/dL
Valproic Acid (Depakene)		150 ug/mL
Vancomycin	Peak	50 mcg/mL
	Random	25 mcg/mL
	Trough	30 mcg/mL

(++) When an analyte in the electrolyte battery is a critical action value, Call the entire battery to the physician or the appropriate nursing personnel.

URINALYSIS

Analyte	Age, Condition	Critical Action Value
Ketones	Less than 6 months old	Positive

Inpt Critical Action Laboratory Value Notification - Word_2024-09-25_13-40-12.jpg



Critical Results Workflow

*You will need to login to the Rover app on the Spectralink phone.

Patient Critical Notification by Laboratory Supervisor_Manager Script_Flowchart __2024-09-25_13-42-58.jpg

Supervisor Script for Patient Notification of Critical Action Value

"Hello, my name is (name). I am a Supervisor at the Laboratory at TidalHealth Peninsula Regional. You recently had blood tests and the results requires us to call your physician. We have attempted to reach your physician; however, we have been unable to reach him/her. The (Specific Test Name) result is (elevated or low) at (give specific number). Please contact your physician, in case they want to change any medication or your plan of care. If you are unable to reach your physician, I cannot provide you with specific direction regarding your medical plan; however, I can suggest that you may want to be evaluated by a healthcare provider. If you choose not to do any of these, my last suggestion would be to call the physician's office first thing after they open. I apologize for any concern or inconvenience that this may cause you; however, we want you to know that patient health and safety are always important to us here at TidalHealth.

Questions: Where should I go for evaluation? What kind of healthcare provider should I see?

Answer: A community clinic, urgent care facility, or an emergency room

Questions: Isn't there a doctor there that I can speak with?

Answer: A doctor who does not know you cannot evaluate you over the phone. You need to be seen and examined. You are welcome to come to our Emergency Department here at the hospital to be evaluated by one of our physicians.

Questions: What am I supposed to do? What would you do if you were me? Should I wait until my doctor's office opens in the morning?

Answer: I understand your concern/frustration/uncertainty; however I cannot provide you with specific direction. That is why I suggest you be evaluated by a healthcare provider to get specific direction to your questions.

POC (Point of Care) Critical Action Values Addendum

Analyte	Age, Condition	Less Than	Greater Than
Blood Gas pH		7.25	7.58
Blood Gas pCO2		20	70
Blood Gas pO2		55	
CO ₂	Greater than 6 months old	10 mEq /L (⁺⁺⁾	45 mEq /L (⁺⁺⁾
Glucose	Greater than 4 weeks	50 mg/dL	500 mg/dL
	Less than or equal to 4 weeks	40 mg/dL	500 mg/dL
Hemoglobin		6.0 g/dL	
Ionized Calcium		0.79 mmol/L	1.57 mmol/L
Lactic Acid			>/= 3.0 mmol/L
Potassium	Greater than 6 months old	2.5 mEq /L (⁺⁺⁾	6.5 mEq /L (⁺⁺⁾
PT Screen	Greater than 6 months old		26 seconds
PT Therapy - INR			5.0
Sodium	Greater than 6 months old	120 mEq /L (⁺⁺⁾	160 mEq /L (⁺⁺⁾

Echocardiogram, Vascular, & EKG Critical Action Values Addendum

When a venous study is positive for deep venous thrombosis or a carotid study shows severe carotid stenosis preliminary results are called to the ordering health care provider by the vascular sonographer. Preliminary results of Echocardiograms that demonstrate cardiac tamponade or a large pericardial effusion are called to the ordering health care provider by the echo sonographer. Unconfirmed EKG tracings are placed on the patient chart until replaced by confirmed results.

Radiology Critical Action Values Addendum

The Radiologist will call results considered critical. Once the result is reported, the Radiologist will document the call in the report. Included will be the date and time of result and the name of the nurse or physician reported to (read back verified). The Department of Radiology Preliminary Downtime form, preliminary report generated by Vision Radiologist (TeleRad), and the final report will serve as documentation.

Radiology Critical Results

ANATOMICAL AREA	CRITICAL RESULT
CNS	 Acute stroke or suspected stroke, thrombolytic candidate Acute hemorrhage New intracranial mass effect Severe spinal cord compression Worsening intracranial or spinal cord mass effect or hemorrhage
CHEST & ABDOMEN	 Ruptured aneurysm Acute aortic dissection Traumatic aortic injury Acute PE Tension pneumothorax New unexplained pneumoperitoneum/pneumomediastinum Closed loop bowel obstruction or volvulus Intestinal Ischemia (including mesenteric venous or portal venous gas)
URO-GENITAL	 Ectopic pregnancy Ovarian torsion Placental abruption Fetal Demise Testicular torsion
VASCULAR	• DVT
GENERAL	 Suspected non-accidental trauma Allergic reaction resulting in a code Postoperative foreign body Malpositioned line or tube of immediate clinical concern

Note: List is not inclusive, other results deemed critical to be called as needed

Respiratory, Pulmonary & ABG Critical Action Values Addendum

Critical action results can be obtained from the ABG Laboratory (Respiratory/Pulmonary Services).

LIST OF CRITICAL VALUES

Arterial Blood Gases

PH- <7.25- >7.58

PCO2-<20->70

PO2-<55

Co-oximetry

O2HB <88.0%

COHB > 6.0 % NON SMOKER

>10.0% SMOKER

METHB- > 5.0%

Venous Blood Gases

PH- <7.20 - >7.58

PCO2-<15->70

PO2-<18

Co-oximetry

02HB- < 25.0%

COHB- > 6.0%

COHB smoker- >10.0%

METHB- 5.0%

Capillary Blood Gases

PH- <7.24 - >7.60

PCO2 -< 20 -> 66

P02-<36

Attachments

- © Critical Results Workflow.png
- **⊗** Image 3.PNG
- **®** Image 4

- © Outpatient Critical Action Laboratory Value Notification Word_2024-09-25_13-41-49.jpg



Patient Critical Notification by Laboratory Supervisor_Manager Script_Flowchart _2024-09-25_13-42-58.jpg

Approval Signatures

Step Description	Approver	Date
Medical Director Approval	Michael Wagner: Non-Emp Provider	11/2024
Senior Director Approval	Kimberly Adkins: DIRECTOR- SENIOR	11/2024
Policy Owner	Kimberly Adkins: DIRECTOR- SENIOR	11/2024

Applicability

TidalHealth Peninsula Regional

